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(Pages : 2)

Name	••
Por No	

FIRST SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2019

(CBCSS—UG)

BCA

BCA 1C 02—DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

(2019 Admissions)

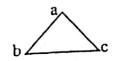
Time: Two Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer all questions, each correct answer carries a maximum of 2 marks. Ceiling 20 marks.

- Symbolize the statement "All men are giants".
- 2. Draw the truth table of biconditional statement.
- 3. Give an example of a relation which is both symmetric and antisymmetric.
- Define greatest lower bound in Poset.
- 5. Write the least upperbound and gratest lower bound of the set $\{3, 5\}$ in the poset $\{2, 5\}$ in the poset $\{3, 5\}$ in the poset where \leq is the divides relation.
- 6. Is the relation $R = \{\langle x, y \rangle / x \ge y\}$ antisymmetric? Justify.
- 7. Define a Hamiltonian Graph.
- 8. Briefly explain spanning tree.
- 9. What is mean by chromatic number of a graph?
- 10. Define cut vertices and cut edge.
- Write the matrix representation of the graph.



Write the definition of incidence matrix.

Section B (Short Essay Type Questions)

Answer all questions, each correct answer carries a maximum of 5 marks.

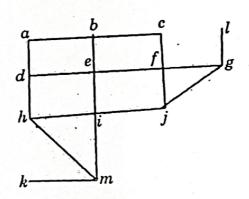
Ceiling 30 marks.

- 13. Show that for any two sets A and B, $A (A \cap B) = A B$.
- Explain set operations with Venn diagram.
- 15. Write the Boolean expression $x_1 \oplus x_2$ in an equivalent sum of products canonical form in three variables x_1, x_2, x_3 .
- 16. Is the "divides" relation a partial ordering on the set of non zero integers? Explain.
- 17. Define complete graph. Show that a complete graph with n nodes has the maximum number of edges n (n-1)/2.
- 18. Define planar graphs. Is $k_{3,3}$ a planer graph? Justify.
- 19. Explain Depth-first search Algorithm for spanning tree.

Section C (Essay Type Questions)

Answer any one question, correct answer carries 10 marks.

- 20. Show that < B, *, \oplus , 0,1 > is a Boolean Algebra. Also explain the properties.
- 21. Draw the breadth first search spanning tree of the following graph. Explain the algorithm with this example.



 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ marks})$